

## Miniaturisation for the analysis of cannabinoids

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### Abstract

The definition of Cannabis intoxication states currently represents a complex bioanalytical challenge. It can be reliably demonstrated by using blood as the biological matrix, but its sampling is invasive and requires a sanitary environment, storage precautions and complex handling. For this reason, the use of miniaturised sampling approaches can be a promising alternative: blood microsamples obviously reflect the composition of classic in-tube whole blood, but their sampling is much faster, less complex and less invasive. Moreover, when dried, blood samples can be stored and shipped at room temperature without any appreciable analyte loss. Dried blood spot (DBS) technology has been used within the bioanalytical framework in place of plasma or serum to facilitate home-based and on-field applications, however its implementation has been limited mainly by concerns related to haematocrit effect and method accuracy. Second generation miniaturised sampling technologies, based dried and microfluidic systems, have been developed in order to eliminate haematocrit effect and accuracy bias, while still granting feasible and reliable sample processing. In this research, novel blood micro sampling and microfluidic approaches have been developed and compared in order to study their potential for cannabinoid analysis. An original LC-MS/MS method was developed and validated for the analysis of  $\Delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and its two main metabolites in whole blood dried microsamples. THC hematic levels decrease drastically after Cannabis consumption, being metabolised to 11-hydroxy- $\Delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol (THC-OH) that is in turn quickly metabolised to 11-nor-9-carboxy- $\Delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol (THC-COOH), with a very long half-life. The ultimate goal is to provide highly innovative blood miniaturised analytical protocols, whose performances have been extensively optimised and compared, in order to provide effective and alternative tools that can be applied for cannabinoid determination, with immediate applicability in all the contexts where out-of-the-lab collection and impromptu processing are needed, i.e. clinical settings and forensic cases.

### Biography

Mater Studiorum - University of Bologna (Bologna, Italy) and Head of the research group of Pharmaco-Toxicological Analysis (PTA Lab) at the Department of Pharmacy and Biotechnology. Her research is embodied in more than 80 peer-reviewed papers and more than 200 communications to national and international congresses, including plenary lectures. She has been serving as an editorial board member of reputed Journals and as a guest editor of successful special issues. Her research activity is focused on the development of innovative strategies for the analysis of psychotropic compounds in biological and non-biological matrices and with the implementation of advanced technologies for sampling, sample handling and pre-treatment, with high degree of miniaturisation and automation.

### Publications

1. Coordination of a Research Project: Dried microsamples: Multi-matrix, long-term stability study of doping-relevant peptides (WADA 2019)
2. Coordination of a Research Project: Linking tryptophan catabolism to amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: from the pathogenesis to the pharmacological treatment (PRIN 2017)
3. Biosurfactant from vaginal *Lactobacillus crispatus* BC1 as a promising agent to interfere with *Candida* adhesion, «MICROBIAL CELL FACTORIES», 2020, 19, pp. 1 - 16
4. Blood and Plasma Volumetric Absorptive Microsampling (VAMS) Coupled to LC-MS/MS for the Forensic Assessment of Cocaine Consumption, «MOLECULES», 2020, 25, pp. 1 – 16
5. Microsampling and LC-MS/MS for antidoping testing of glucocorticoids in urine, «BIOANALYSIS», 2020, 12, pp. 769 - 782

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