



SYNTHESIS OF CONDENSED PYRIDO [1, 2-a] PYRIMIDINE AND PYRIMIDO [4, 5-d] PYRIMIDINE DERIVATIVES FROM CYANOKETENE DITHIOACETAL

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ABSTRACT

Cyanoketene dithioacetal are known to undergo cyclocondensation with 2-amino pyridyl amines to give pyrimidine derivatives. The aim of the present investigation has been to examine the versatility of cyanoketene dithioacetal in the synthesis of substituted pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine and pyrimido [4,5-d] pyrimidine derivatives from 2-aminopyridines. Cyanoketene dithioacetal (**1**) on reaction with variously substituted 2 -aminopyridine derivatives (**2a-f**) formed 2-ethoxy-3-cyano-4-oxo-4 -H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine (**3a-f**) and 2-ethoxy-(2-methylthio)-3-cyano-4-oxo-4 -H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine derivatives (**4a-f**) in high yields. Subsequent reactions of (**4**) with (i) primary amines (ii) hydrazine hydrate (iii) hydroxyl amine (iv) acetamidine hydrochloride afforded the corresponding pyrimidine derivatives (**5-6a-f**), pyrazole derivatives (**7a-f**), isoxazole derivatives (**8a-f**) and pyrimido [4,5-d] pyrimidine derivatives (**9a-f**), respectively in good yields.

Key words : Synthesis, Pyrido-pyrimidine, Cyanoketene dithioacetal.

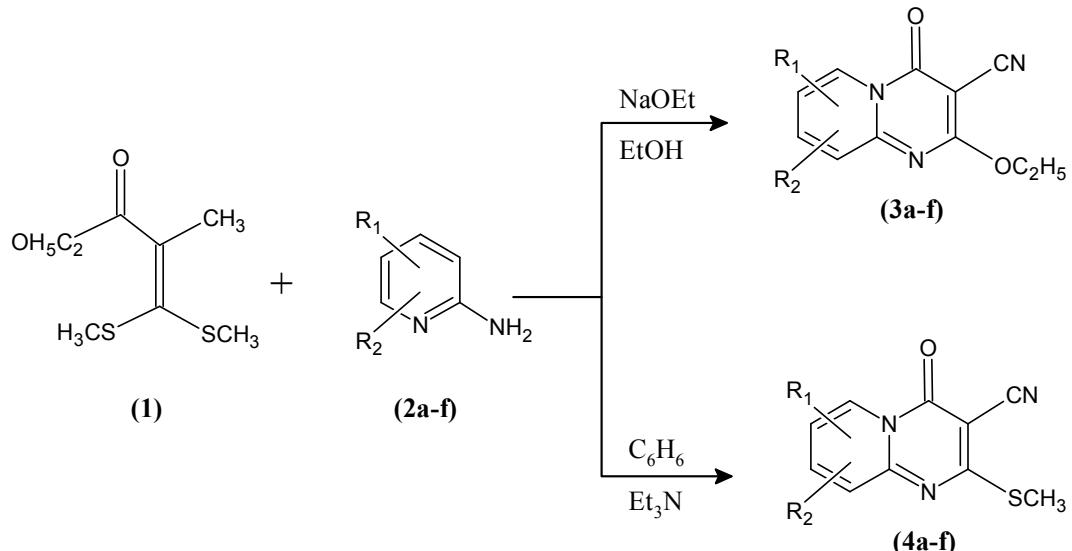
INTRODUCTION

The importance of pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidines and pyrimido[4,5-d] pyrimidines are well recognized by synthetic as well as biological chemists¹ and therefore, their accessibility through easily available precursors is important in the development of chemistry of these materials.

Heterocyclic ketene N,S-acetals²⁻⁵, aminals⁶⁻¹² as well as ketoketene and cyanoketene S,S-acetals¹³⁻¹⁶ are important synthons for the synthesis of a wide variety of fused heterocycles . It has been reported¹⁷ that these synthons act as very powerful 1,3-dipolarophiles to afford a very convenient synthetic entry to a variety of condensed and fused heterocycles. This prompted us to employ these reagents in the synthesis of

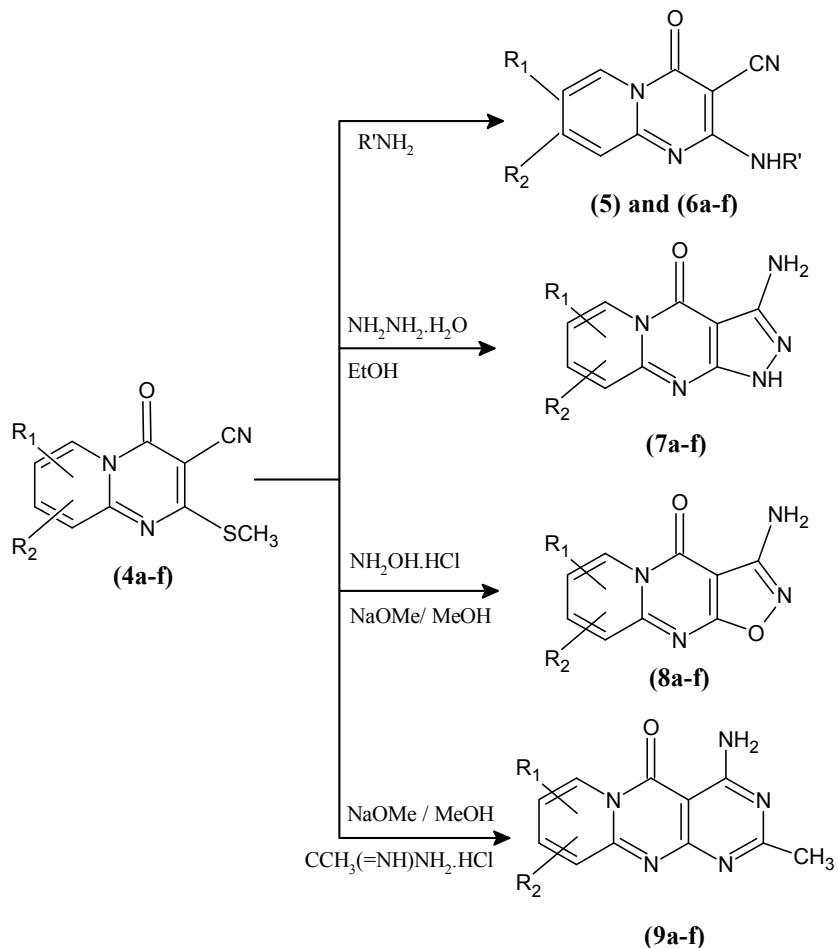
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pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidine (**3~8a-f**) and pyrimido[4,5-d] pyrimidine (**9a-f**) derivatives from cyanoketene diothioacetal (**1**) through **Schemes I and II**.



Scheme I

	3-4
a	R ₁ = H, R ₂ = CH ₃
b	R ₁ = H, R ₂ = CH ₃
c	R ₁ = H, R ₂ = CH ₃
d	R ₁ = H, R ₂ = Cl
e	R ₁ = Br, R ₂ = Br
f	R ₁ = H, R ₂ = NO ₂



Scheme 2

	5	6	7-9
a	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3$
b	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3$
c	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{CH}_3$
d	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Cl}, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Cl}, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Cl}$
e	$\text{R}_1 = \text{Br}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Br}, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{Br}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Br}, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{Br}, \text{R}_2 = \text{Br}$
f	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{NO}_2, \text{R}' = \text{CH}_3$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{NO}_2, \text{R}' = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$	$\text{R}_1 = \text{H}, \text{R}_2 = \text{NO}_2$

EXPERIMENTAL

General method for the preparation of 2-ethoxy-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine (3a-f)

2-Aminopyridine (**2a**) (1 mmol), sodium ethoxide (1 mmol) and cyanoketene dithioacetal (**1**) (1 mmol) were taken in 30 mL ethanol and refluxed for 3 hr. The solvent was removed in *vauco* and the residue was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and purified by recrystallization from methanol and dried to give (**3a**), yield 71 %, m. p. 257°C. Other compounds (**3 b-f**) were similarly prepared from (**2 b-f**).

(3a) 2-Ethoxy-9-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 67%, m. p. 245°C ; Calc : C, 62.87; H, 4.84; N, 18.33; O, 13.96; Found : C, 62.45; H, 4.66; N, 18.52.; O, 13.84.; ν_{\max} 2220 (CN), 1650 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77(1H, q, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 230.09 (13.2%).

(3b) 2-Ethoxy-8-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 69%, m.p. 245°C ; calc : C, 62.87; H, 4.84; N, 18.33; O, 13.96; Found : C, 62.49; H, 4.68; N, 18.56.; O, 13.89.; ν_{\max} 2215 (CN), 1643(CO) cm⁻¹; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0(1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 230 (13.2%).

(3c) 2-Ethoxy-7-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 65%, m.p. 245°C; Calc : C, 62.87; H, 4.84; N, 18.33; O, 13.96; Found : C, 62.48; H, 4.62; N, 18.54.; O, 13.86.; ν_{\max} 2214 (CN), 1648(CO) cm⁻¹; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 230 (13.2%).

(3d) 2-Ethoxy-7-chloro-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 73%, m. p. 235° C; Calc : C, 52.92; H, 3.23; Cl, 14.20; N, 16.83; O, 12.82 : Found C, 52.85; H, 3.41; Cl, 14.36; N, 16.71; O, 12.59; ν_{\max} 2210(CN), 1630 (CO), 771(C-Cl) cm⁻¹; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.46 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 250.03 (13.1%).

(3e) 2 – Ethoxy – 7, 9 – dibromo – 4 – oxo – 4 H – pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidine – 3 – carbonitrile; yield 66%, m.p. 198°C; Calc : C, 35.42; H, 1.89; Br, 42.84; N, 11.27; O, 8.58; Found : C, 35.56; H, 1.96; Br, 42.66; N, 11.38; O, 8.70; ν_{\max} 2205 (CN), 1634(CO),

781(C-Br) cm^{-1} ; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.73 (1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 373.89 (13.1%).

(3f) 2-Ethoxy-7-nitro-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 74%, m. p. 189°C; Calc : C, 50.77; H, 3.10; N, 21.53; O, 24.60; Found : C, 50.62; H, 3.33; N, 21.46; O, 24.76; ν_{max} 2210 (CN), 1648 (CO), 1510(NO₂) cm^{-1} ; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, q, CH₂), 1.22 (3H, t, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 261.06 (12.1%).

General method for the preparation of 2-methylthio-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine (4a-f)

2-Aminopyridine (**2a**) (1 mmol) and cyanoketene dithioacetal (**1**) (1 mmol) were taken in 30 mL benzene and 5 mL triethylamine was added to it. The mixture was refluxed for 3 hr. The solvent was removed in *vacuo* and the residue was washed with diethyl ether (2 x 5 mL) and purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate to afford (**4a**), yield 70 %, m.p. 209-210°C. Other compounds (**4 b-f**) were similarly prepared from (**2 b-f**).

(4a) : 9-Methyl-2-(methylthio)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 64%, m.p. 209-210°C; Calc : C, 57.13; H, 3.92; N, 18.17; O, 6.92; S, 13.86; Found : C, 57.37; H, 3.78; N, 18.31; O, 6.77; S, 13.98; ν_{max} 2206(C≡N), 1697 (CO), 1540(C= N) cm^{-1} ; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, q, = CH), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 232 (13.8%).

(4b) 8-Methyl-2-(methylthio)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 68%, m.p. 209-210°C; Calc : C, 57.13; H, 3.92; N, 18.17; O, 6.92; S, 13.86; Found : C, 57.39; H, 3.78; N, 18.32; O, 6.79; S, 13.94; ν_{max} 2214(C≡N), 1689 (CO), 1550(C= N) cm^{-1} ; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0 (1H, s, = CH), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 232 (13.8%).

(4c) 7-Methyl-2-(methylthio)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 70%, m.p. 209-210°C; Calc : C, 57.13; H, 3.92; N, 18.17; O, 6.92; S, 13.86; Found : C, 57.40; H, 3.77; N, 18.35; O, 6.80; S, 13.91; ν_{max} 2215(C≡N), 1699 (CO), 1560(C= N) cm^{-1} ; NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 232 (13.8%).

(4d) 7-Chloro-2-(methylthio)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile ; yield 72%. m.p. 257°C; Calc : C, 47.72; H, 2.40; Cl, 14.09; N, 16.70; O, 6.36; S, 12.74;

Found : C, 47.34; H, 2.68; Cl, 14.48; N, 16.49; O, 6.65; S, 12.98; ν_{\max} 2204(C≡N), 1689 (CO), 1590(C= N), 730 (C-Cl) cm^{-1} , NMR(DMSO-d₆) 7.46 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃); MS (EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 252.00 (10.9%).

(4e) 7, 8 – Dibromo – 2 - (methylthio) – 4 – oxo - 4H - pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidine -3 - carbonitrile; yield 65%, m.p. 171°C; Calc : C, 32.03; H, 1.34; Br, 42.61; N, 11.20; O, 4.27; S, 8.55 ; Found : C, 32.52; H, 1.49; Br, 42.28; N, 11.78; O, 4.11; S, 8.78 ; ν_{\max} 2206 (C≡N), 1697 (CO), 1590 (C= N), 771 (C-Br) cm^{-1} , NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.73 (1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 2.25 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 375.85 (12.7%).

(4f) 2-(Methylthio)-7-nitro-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile; yield 74 %, m.p. 166°C; Calc : C, 45.80; H, 2.31; N, 21.36; O, 18.30; S, 12.23 ; Found : C, 45.47; H, 2.76; N, 21.13; O, 18.67; S, 12.73; ν_{\max} 2202(C≡N), 1635 (CO), 1573(C= N), 1506(NO₂) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.25(3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 263.02 (11.8%).

General method for the preparation of 2-amino-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine (**5a-f**) and (**6a-f**)

2-Methylthio-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H- pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine (**5a**) (1 mmol) and methyl amine (2 mmol) were dissolved in 30 mL of ethanol and refluxed for 6 hr (monitored by TLC). After evaporation of the solvent, residue was purified by a silica-gel column using ethyl acetate-hexane (1 : 1) mixture gives (**5a**). yield 67 %, m.p. 200°C. Other compounds (**5 b-f**) and (**6 a-f**) were similarly prepared from 4 a~f and respective amines.

(5a) 9 – Methyl – 2 - (methylamino) – 4 – oxo - 4H – pyrido [1, 2-a] pyrimidine – 3 - carbonitrile; yield 67%, m.p. 200°C; Calc : C, 61.67; H, 4.71; N, 26.15; O, 7.47 ; Found : C, 61.24; H, 4.32; N, 26.49; O, 7.12 ; ν_{\max} 3450(NH), 2210 (C≡N), 1697 (CO) cm^{-1} , NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.18 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, q, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71(3H,s, CH₃). MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 215.09 (12.1%) :

(5b) 8-Methyl-2-(methylamino)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 69%, m.p. 200°C; Calc : C, 61.67; H, 4.71; N, 26.15; O, 7.47 ; Found : C, 61.29; H, 4.30; N, 26.52; O, 7.08 ; ν_{\max} 3460(NH), 2214(C≡N), 1682(CO) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28(1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0(1H, s, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71(3H,s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 215.09 (12.1%).

(5c) 7-Methyl-2-(methylamino)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 73%, m.p. 200°C; Calc : C, 61.67; H, 4.71; N, 26.15; O, 7.47 ;Found : C, 61.30; H, 4.28; N, 26.43; O, 7.16 ; ν_{max} 3455(NH), 2213(C≡N), 1690(CO) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71 (3H,s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 215.09 (12.1%).

(5d) 7-Chloro-2-(methylamino)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 72% m.p. 187°C; Calc : C, 51.19; H, 3.01; Cl, 15.11; N, 23.88; O, 6.82 ;Found : C, 51.56; H, 3.43; Cl, 15.67; N, 23.36; O, 6.59 ; IR (KBr) : 3450(NH), 2210(C≡N), 1692(CO) 690(C-Cl) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.46(1H, s, = CH), 6.5(1H, d, = CH), 5.2(1H, d, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 235.03 (12.3%).

(5e) 7, 9 – Dibromo – 2 - (methylamino) – 4 – oxo - 4H – pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine – 3 - carbonitrile: yield 66%, m.p. 234°C; Calc : C, 33.55; H, 1.69; Br, 44.64; N, 15.65; O, 4.47; Found : C, 33.96; H, 1.23; Br, 44.76; N, 15.12; O, 4.19 ; IR (KBr) : 3465(NH), 2215(C≡N), 1689(CO), 763(C-Br) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.73(1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 358.89 (12.3%).

(5f) 2-(Methylamino)-7-nitro-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 78%, m.p. 187°C; Calc : C, 48.98; H, 2.88; N, 28.56; O, 19.58; Found : C, 48.69; H, 2.56; N, 28.98; O, 19.45 ; IR (KBr) : 3494 (NH), 2200(C≡N), 1643(CO), 1496 (NO₂) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.47 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.0 (1H, s, NH); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 246.06 (11.0%).

(6a) 2 - (Ethylamino) – 9 – methyl – 4 – oxo - 4H – pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine – 3 - carbonitrile; yield 65%, m.p. 248°C; Calc : C, 63.15; H, 5.30; N, 24.55; O, 7.01 ; Found : C, 63.35; H, 5.48; N, 24.19; O, 7.34 ; IR (KBr) : 3400 (NH), 2215(C≡N), 1685(CO) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, q, = CH), 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 229.10 (14.5%).

(6b) 2-(Ethylamino)-8-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 67%, m.p. 248°C; Calc : C, 63.15; H, 5.30; N, 24.55; O, 7.01 ; Found : C, 63.37; H, 5.51; N, 24.59; O, 7.30 ; IR (KBr) : 3430(NH), 2210(C≡N), 1678(CO) cm^{-1} ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28(1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0 (1H, s, = CH), 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃) ; MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 229.10 (14.5%).

(6c) 2-(Ethylamino)-7-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 71%, m.p. 248°C; Calc : C, 63.15; H, 5.30; N, 24.55; O, 7.01 ; Found : C, 63.33; H, 5.47; N, 24.60; O, 7.33; IR (KBr) : 3410 (NH), 2214(C≡N), 1678(CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.06(1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH) 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 229.10 (14.5%).

(6d) 7-Chloro-2-(ethylamino)-4-oxo-4H-pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 73%, m.p. 176°C; Calc : C, 53.13; H, 3.65; Cl, 14.26; N, 22.53; O, 6.43 ; Found : C, 53.25; H, 3.71; Cl, 14.30; N, 22.24; O, 6.32 ; IR (KBr) : 3440 (NH), 2210(C≡N), 1681(CO), 800(C-Cl) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.46(1H, s, = CH), 6.5(1H, d, = CH), 5.2(1H, d, = CH), 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 249.05 (12.0%).

(6e) 7, 9 – Dibromo – 2 - (ethylamino) – 4 – oxo - 4H – pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine-3 - carbonitrile : yield 64%, m.p. 214°C; Calc : C, 35.51; H, 2.17; Br, 42.96; N, 15.06; O, 4.30 ; Found : C, 35.66; H, 2.34; Br, 42.85; N, 15.27; O, 4.24 ; IR (KBr) : 3420(NH), 2206(C≡N), 1697(CO), 779(C-Br) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.73(1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 372.91 (12.0%).

(6f) 2-(Ethylamino)-7-nitro-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine-3-carbonitrile : yield 77%, m.p. 185°C; Calc : C, 50.97; H, 3.50; N, 27.02; O, 18.52 ; Found : C, 50.86; H, 3.38 N, 27.21; O, 18.65 ; IR (KBr) : 3494(NH), 2200(C≡N), 1643(CO), 1496(NO₂) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 2.69 (2H, q, CH₂), 2.0 (1H, s, NH), 1.00 (3H, t, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 260.07 (13.6%).

General method for the preparation of 3-amino-1H-3, 4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one (7a-f)

Hydrazine hydrate (5 mmol) and 2-methylthio-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H- pyrido [1,2-a] pyrimidine (**4a**) were taken in 50 mL of ethanol and refluxed for 3 hr. The solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in 20 mL of chloroform. On removal of the solvent (**7a**) was obtained as colourless crystalline solid. yield 71 %, m.p. 243°C. Other compounds (**7 b-f**) were similarly prepared from (**4 b-f**).

(7a) 3-Amino-8-methyl –1H-3,4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one : yield 64%, m.p. 243°C; Calc : C, 55.81; H, 4.22; N, 32.54; O, 7.43 ;Found : C, 55.66; H, 4.34; N, 32.48; O, 7.56 ;IR (KBr) : 3455(NH),3340(NH₂),1650 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆)

13.7 (1H, s, NH), 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, q, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 216.08 (12.7%).

(7b) 3-Amino-7-methyl -1H-3,4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one : yield 69%, m.p. 243°C; Calc : C, 55.81; H, 4.22; N, 32.54; O, 7.43 ;Found : C, 55.68; H, 4.38; N, 32.45; O, 7.59 ; IR (KBr) : 3460 (NH), 3330 (NH₂), 1625 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 13.7 (1H, s, NH), 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 216.08 (12.7%).

(7c) 3-Amino-6-methyl -1H -3,4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one : yield 66%, m.p. 243°C; Calc : C, 55.81; H, 4.22; N, 32.54; O, 7.43 ;Found : C, 55.71; H, 4.32; N, 32.48; O, 7.60; IR (KBr) : 3450 (NH), 3360 (NH₂), 1643 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 13.7 (1H, s, NH), 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 216.08 (12.7%).

(7d) 3-Amino-6-chloro-1 H -3,4-dihdropyrazolo[3,4-b]quinolizin-4-one : yield 70%, m.p. 181°C; Calc : C, 45.88; H, 2.57; Cl, 15.05; N, 29.72; O, 6.79 ; Found : C, 45.64; H, 2.49; Cl, 15.28; N, 29.65; O, 6.90; IR (KBr) : 3460 (NH), 3360 (NH₂), 1625 (CO), 740 (C-Cl) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 13.7 (1H, s, NH), 7.46 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 236.03 (9.8%).

(7e) 6,8-Dibromo-3-amino-1 H -3,4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one : yield 69%, m.p.>300°C; Calc : C, 30.11; H, 1.40; Br, 44.52; N, 19.51; O, 4.46; Found : C, 30.49; H, 1.33; Br, 44.36; N, 19.80; O, 4.30 ; IR (KBr) : 3449(NH), 3294(NH₂), 1625 (CO), 748 (C-Br) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 13.7 (1H, s, NH), 7.73 (1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 359.89 (9.8%).

(7f) 3-Amino-6-nitro-1 H -3,4-dihdropyrazolo [3,4-b] quinolizin-4-one : yield 78%, m.p.149°C; Calc : C, 43.91; H, 2.46; N, 34.14; O, 19.50;Found : C, 43.46; H, 2.32; N, 34.49; O, 19.41 ;IR (KBr) : 3500(NH), 3378(NH₂),1642 (CO), 1510 (NO₂) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 13.7 (1H, s, NH), 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H,d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 247.05 (12.1%).

General method for the preparation of 3-aminoisoxazolo[5,4-d]pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one (8a-f)

Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.04 mole) was added to NaOCH₃ (0.06 mol) in absolute methanol (30 mL) and stirred for 10 min. 2-Methylthio-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine (**4a**) (0.01 mole) was added and the mixture was refluxed for 4-5

hr. Methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was poured into ice-cold water. The solid separated was filtered, washed with diethyl ether and dried. Recrystallization from ethanol gave the analytically pure product (**8a**) as colourless crystals. yield 73 %, m.p. 202°C. Other compounds (**8 b~f**) were similarly prepared from (**4 b~f**).

(8b) 3-Amino-7-methyl-isoxazolo[5,4d]pyrido[1,2a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one : yield 68%, m.p. 202°C; Calc : C, 55.55; H, 3.73; N, 25.91; O, 14.80 ;Found : C, 55.41; H, 3.89; N, 25.80; O, 14.91 ;IR (KBr) : 3440,3380(NH₂), 1678(CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 217.07 (11.0%).

(8c) 3-Amino-6-methyl-isoxazolo[5,4d]pyrido[1,2a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one : yield 62%; m.p. 202°C; Calc : C, 55.55; H, 3.73; N, 25.91; O, 14.80 ; Found : C, 55.37; H, 3.86; N, 25.78; O, 14.90 ; IR (KBr) : 3445,3375(NH₂), 1681(CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 217.07 (11.0%).

(8d) 3-Amino-6-chloro-isoxazolo[5,4d] pyrido[1,2a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one : yield 61%, m.p. 241°C; Calc : C, 45.68; H, 2.13; Cl, 14.98; N, 23.68; O, 13.52 ;Found : C, 45.56; H, 2.06; Cl, 14.83; N, 23.72; O, 13.66 ; IR (KBr) : 3456, 3309(NH₂), 1627(CO), 748 (C-Cl) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.46 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 237.01 (11.3%).

(8e) 6,8-Dibromo-3-amino-isoxazolo[5,4d]pyrido[1,2a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one : yield 69%, m.p. 235°C; Calc : C, 30.03; H, 1.12; Br, 44.40; N, 15.56; O, 8.89 ; Found : C, 30.22; H, 1.05; Br, 44.53; N, 15.82; O, 8.49 ; IR (KBr) : 3465, 3286(NH₂), 1643(CO), 770 (C-Br) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.73 (1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 360.87 (11.3%).

(8f) 3-Amino-6-nitro-isoxazolo[5,4d]pyrido[1,2a]pyrimidin-4(H)-one : yield 70%; m.p. 185°C; Calc : C, 43.73; H, 2.04; N, 28.33; O, 25.89 ; Found : C, 43.59; H, 2.26; N, 28.14; O, 25.96 ; IR (KBr) : 3455, 3372(NH₂), 1643(CO), 1496(NO₂) cm⁻¹ ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (2H, s, NH₂); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 248.04 (9.9%).

General method for the preparation of 4-amino-2,9-dimethylpyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one (9 a-f)

To a solution of sodium methoxide (0.04 mol) in methanol, acetamidine hydrochloride (0.02 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 10-15 min. 2-Methylthio-3-cyano-4-oxo-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidine (**4a**) (0.02 mol) was added and the mixture was refluxed for 6 hr. Methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was poured into ice-cold water. The solid separated was filtered, washed with diethyl ether and dried. Recrystallization from ethanol gave the analytically pure product (**9a**) as colourless crystals yield 72 %, m.p. 255°C. Other compounds (**9 b-f**) were similarly prepared from (**4 b-f**).

(9a) 2-Amino-4,9-dimethylpyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one : yield 72%, m.p. 286°C; Calc : C, 59.74; H, 4.60; N, 29.03; O, 6.63 ;Found : C, 59.39; H, 4.78; N, 29.24; O, 6.44; IR(KBr) : 3460, 3360(NH₂), 1649 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 6.3 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, q, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 242.10 (13.1%).

(9b) 2-Amino-4,8-dimethylpyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one : yield 64%, m.p. 286°C; Calc : C, 59.74; H, 4.60; N, 29.03; O, 6.63 ;Found : C, 59.40; H, 4.79; N, 29.22; O, 6.46 ;IR(KBr) : 3440, 3375(NH₂), 1645 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.28 (1H, d, = CH), 5.77 (1H, d, = CH), 5.0 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃) MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 242.10 (13.1%).

(9c) 2-Amino-4,7-dimethylpyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one: yield 65% m.p. 286°C ; Calc : C, 59.74; H, 4.60; N, 29.03; O, 6.63 ;Found : C, 59.38; H, 4.81; N, 29.27; O, 6.42 ;IR(KBr) : 3450, 3380(NH₂), 1643 (CO) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.06 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.71 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 242.10 (13.1%).

(9d) 2-Amino-7-chloropyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one : yield 67%, m.p. 217-218°C; Calc : C, 50.49; H, 3.08; Cl, 13.55; N, 26.76; O, 6.11 ;Found : C, 50.65; H, 3.35; Cl, 13.66; N, 26.94; O, 6.29 ; IR(KBr) : 3400, 3360(NH₂), 1697 (CO), 760(C-Cl) cm⁻¹ ; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.46 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 262.05 (12.0%).

(9e) 2-Amino-7,9-dibromopyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(H)-one : yield 71%, m.p. 235°C; Calc : C, 34.32; H, 1.83; Br, 41.51; N, 18.19; O, 4.16 ; Found :

C, 34.58; H, 1.74; Br, 41.25; N, 18.29; O, 4.05 ; IR(KBr) : 3460, 3309(NH₂), 1697 (CO), 717(C-Br) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.73 (1H, s, = CH), 6.9 (1H, s, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 385.90 (13.8%).

(9f) 2-Amino-7-nitropyrido[1,2-a]pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidine-5(*H*)-one : yield 69%, m.p.279°C, Calc : C, 48.53; H, 2.96; N, 30.87; O, 17.63 ; Found : C, 48.44; H, 2.72; N, 30.39; O, 17.38 ; IR(KBr) : 3460, 3370(NH₂), 1610 (CO), 1504(NO₂) cm⁻¹; NMR (DMSO-d₆) 8.58 (1H, s, = CH), 6.5 (1H, d, = CH), 5.2 (1H, d, = CH), 4.0 (1H, s, NH₂), 2.35 (3H, s, CH₃); MS(EI, 70 eV) : *m/z* 273.07 (12.1%).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Pyrido [1, 2-a] pyrimidines were obtained by the cyclocondensation of cyanoketene S,S-acetal with substituted 2-aminopyridines. The reaction of cyanoketene S,S- acetal (**1**) with substituted 2-aminopyridine (**2a-f**) in presence of sodium ethoxide in boiling ethanol, afforded the corresponding ethoxy pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidines (**3a-f**) in good yield. However, the reaction of (**1**) with substituted 2-aminopyridines (**2a-f**) in presence of triethylamine in refluxing dry benzene, formed (**4a-f**) (**Scheme I**). **4** underwent smooth displacement of SME group with primary amines in ethanol to afford the corresponding amino substituted derivatives (**5a-f**) and (**6a-f**) (**Scheme II**). In an attempt to utilize the pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidine (**4**) as a potential precursor in the preparation of fused heterocycles (**7**), (**8**) and (**9**), it was reacted with various nucleophiles such as H₂N-NH₂, NH₂-OH and CH₃C(=NH)NH₂. (**4**) reacted smoothly with hydrazine hydrate in ethanol to afford the corresponding pyrimidine fused tricyclic derivatives (**7a-f**) (**Scheme II**). Tricyclic derivatives (**8a-f**) were obtained on reaction of (**4**) with hydroxyl amine. Similarly, compound (**9a-f**) was obtained on reaction of (**4**) with acetamidine hydrochloride in sodium methoxide and methanol (**Scheme III**). The formation of compounds (**3a-f**) and (**4a-f**) from (**2a-f**) while (**5a-f**), (**6a-f**), (**7a-f**), (**8a-f**), (**9a-f**) from (**4a-f**) was established on the basis of spectral and analytical data.

CONCLUSION

Present work shows that the amine function and the ring nitrogen of 2-aminopyridine are active sites for nucleophilic attack on α,β-unsaturated ketene dithioacetals. The direct displacement of the methyl thio group of ketene dithioacetals by amines provides a convenient method for the synthesis of pyrido[1,2-a] pyrimidines.

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