

# PROXIMATE COMPOSITION OF SOME NEW VARIETIES OF OIL SEEDS

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### **ABSTRACT**

Five new varieties of oil seeds, i.e., Arachis hypogaea JGN-3, Brassica compestris VARUNA, Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1, Glycine max-JS-90-41, Helianthus annus KBSH-1, were analyzed for their proximate principles.

Key words: Composition, Oil seeds.

### INRODUCTION

Fats and fatty oils are widely distributed in the vegetable kingdom occurring along with proteins, amino acids and carbohydrates. The fats and oils are of great biochemical importance because of their role as chief storage form of energy, which serves as a building stone. In addition to edible purpose, they are also commercially important in medicine, soap, detergents, lubricants, and greases and in various paint and varnish industries <sup>1,2</sup>.

The seed under investigation were procured from Department of Plant Breeding and Genetics, Jawaharlal Nehru Krishi Vishwavidhalaya, Jabalpur.

## **EXPERIMENTAL**

In the present investigation, all the seeds were analyzed for moisture, total ash and its components (acid soluble and acid insoluble ash, water soluble and water insoluble ash and alkalinity), crude protein, total lipids, total carbohydrates, reducing sugar and non-reducing sugar, phosphorous, calcium and crude fibre content.

Moisture, ash (and its components) and calcium contents were determined by the method as described by Pearson<sup>3</sup>. Crude fiber content was determined by the method recommended in the fertilizers and feeding stuff's regulation<sup>4</sup>. Phosphorous was determined according to the procedure of Sumner<sup>5</sup>. Total lipids were determined by the method of Colowick and Kaplan<sup>6</sup>. carbohydrates, reducing and non-reducing sugar were estimated by the method of Nelson<sup>7</sup>. Crude protein was estimated by "Micro Kjeldhal" method (NX6.25).

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of proximate analysis are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

Moisture contents of Arachis hypogaea JGN-3, Brassica compestris VARUNA, and Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1, Glycine Max-JS-90-41 and Helianthus annus KBSH-1 were found to be 4.81, 3.10, 4.91, 5.80 and 18.04%, respectively. Helianthus Annus KBSH-1 has maximum (18.04 percent) moisture content whereas Brassica compestris VARUNA has lowest (3.10 percent) moisture content.

The crude fiber contents of Arachis Hypogaea JGN-3, Brassica compestris VARUNA, Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1, Glycine Max-JS-90-41 and Helianthus annus KBSH-1 were found to be 5.37, 5.96, 9.66, 4.87 and 8.74%, respectively. Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1 has highest (9.66%) and Glycine Max-JS-90-41 has lowest content (4.87%). However, these seeds exhibit general agreement with other varieties of oils seeds <sup>8-14</sup>.

The total lipid contents are – Arachis Hypogaea JGN–3 (43.84 percent), Brassica compestris VARUNA (38.86 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1(31.62 percent), Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (16.28 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (41.45 percent). Arachis hypogaea JGN–3 (43.84 percent) has high lipid content whereas Glycine Max–JS–90–41 has lowest (16.28 percent). However, these seeds exhibit general agreement with other varieties of oils seeds<sup>8–14</sup>.

The crude protein contents are – Arachis Hypogaea JGN–3 (23.89 percent), Brassica compestris VARUna (23.25 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1 (30.47 percent), Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (40.42 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (11.48 percent). Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (40.42 percent) has highest crude protein contents while Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (11.98 percent) has lowest, which is in general accordance with other varieties of oils seeds<sup>8–14</sup>.

The total carbohydrate contents are – Arachis hypogaea JGN–3 (22.8 percent), Brassica compestris VARUNA (10.8 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1 (14.4 percent), Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (22.8 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (20.4 percent). Arachis hypogaea JGN–3 (22.8 percent). Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (22.8 percent and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (20.4 percent) which are in close proximity with each other whereas Brassica compestries VARUNA (10.8 percent) has lowest. However, these oil seeds exhibit general agreement with other varieties of oil seeds <sup>8–14</sup>.

Arachis hypogaea JGN-3 have ash content (2.38 percent), Brassica compestris VARUNA (4.26 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1 (2.28 percent), Glycine Max-JS-90-41 (4.64 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH-1 (3.39 percent), which are in close proximity with each other and also in general agreement with other varieties of oil seeds <sup>8-14</sup>.

Calcium contents are – Arachis hypogaea JGN-3 (0.135 percent), Brassica compestris VARUNA (0.26 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1 (0.0928 percent), Glycine Max-JS-90-

Table 1. Proximate Principles of Air Dried Seeds (g/100 g)

No.	Seeds	Moisture	Crude Fiber	Total Lipid	Crude	Total Carbohy- drates	Reducing	Non- reducing Sugar
	Arachis Hypogaea JGN-3	4.81	5.37	43.84	23.89	22.8	2.1	20.7
oi.	Brassica compestirs VARUNA	3.10	5.96	38.86	23.25	10.8	6.0	6.6
	Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1	4.91	99.6	31.62	30.47	14.4	1.2	13.2
	. Glycine Max–JS–90–41	5.80	4.87	16.28	40.42	22.8	1.8	21.0
	Helianthus annus KBSH-1	18.04	8.74	41.45	11.48	20.4	6.0	19.5

Table 2. Minerals and Ash content of Air Dried Seed (g/100 g)

Phosp- horous Content	0.685	1.125	1.500	1.250	1.000
Calcium	0.135	0.264	0.0928	0.27	0.121
Alkalinity of water Soluble Ash	11.8 meqn Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	15 megn Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	8.4 mean Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	56 megn Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	116 megn Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>
Acid Soluble Ash	2.044	3.8640	2.212	4.116	3.142
Acid Insoluble Ash	0.344	0.404	0.062	0.528	0.256
Water Soluble Ash	1.188	1.600	0.276	2.464	0.588
Water Insoluble Ash	1.2	2.668	2.004	2.1800	2.84
Ash	2.388	4.268	2.28	4.644	3.398
S. Seeds No.	<ol> <li>Arachis Hypogaea</li> <li>JGN-3</li> </ol>	2. Brassica compestirs VARUNA	3. Carthamus tinctorius JSF-1	4. Glycine Max– JS–90–41	5. Helianthus annus KBSH-1
No.		2.	33	4.	5.

41 (0.27 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (0.121 percent) Glycine Max–JS–90–41 has higher (0.27 percent) calcium content than other oil seeds while Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1 has lower (0.0928 percent) calcium content. Glycine Max–JS–90–41 were found to be in close proximity with other varieties of Glycine max <sup>8, 9, 13</sup>.

Phosphorus contents are – Arachis hypogaea JGN–3 (0.685 percent), Brassica compestris VARUNA (1.125 percent), Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1 (1.500 percent), Glycine Max–JS–90–41 (1.250 percent) and Helianthus annus KBSH–1 (1.000 percent) Arachis hypogaea JGN–3 has lower (0.685 percent) phosphorous content than other oil seeds. Carthamus tinctorius JSF–1 has higher (1.500 percent) phosphorous content than those reported in wealth of India <sup>14</sup>.

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