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## Synthesis of some novel-4-aryl-5-(carboxamido-N-pyridin-2'-yl)-6-methyl-2-Thioxos 1,3,5-trihydro-pyrimidines

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### ABSTRACT

Starting material 3-oxo-N-Pyridin-2-yl butyramide have been synthesized by the reaction of 2-amino Pyridine and ethylacetoacetate. This is undergoes cyclization with thiourea & different aromatic aldehyde to yield desired pyrimidines (**3a-i**). The compounds are expected to have antiviral activity. © 2011 Trade Science Inc. - INDIA

### KEYWORDS

Pyrimidines

### INTRODUCTION

Pyrimidine derivatives have wide variety of usages pyrimidine ring system is also present in Vitamin-B<sub>2</sub> & folic acid. Pyrimidine ring system having a mercapto group occupy a unique position in medicinal chemistry<sup>[1]</sup>. These types of derivative play a vital role in biological process<sup>[2-4]</sup> as well as synthetic drug<sup>[5]</sup>.

Various Pyrimidine derivatives have claimed to possess a wide range of biological activity Viz. antitubercular<sup>[6]</sup>, antitumor<sup>[7]</sup>, antihypertensive<sup>[8]</sup> and anti-HIV<sup>[9]</sup> etc. Lead by these considerations it appeared of interest to synthesize some Novel Pyrimidines.

This title compounds (**3a-i**) and it's analogs were prepared by method outlined in Scheme 1. The starting material 3-oxo-N-Pyridin-2-yl-butryamide (**2**) was prepared by the reaction of 2-amino-Pyridine (**1**) & ethylacetoacetate in present of catalytic amount strong nucleophilic agent N,N-Dimethylamino pyridine (DMAP) to get in good yield. The starting material (**2**) undergoes Biginelli reaction with different aromatic aldehyde and thiourea to yield desired Pyrimidine (**3a-i**).

The purity & structures of Pyrimidines products

(**3a-i**) was established on the basis of their spectral (IR & <sup>1</sup>H NMR) data and TLC. The IR & <sup>1</sup>H NMR data are summarized in TABLE 1.

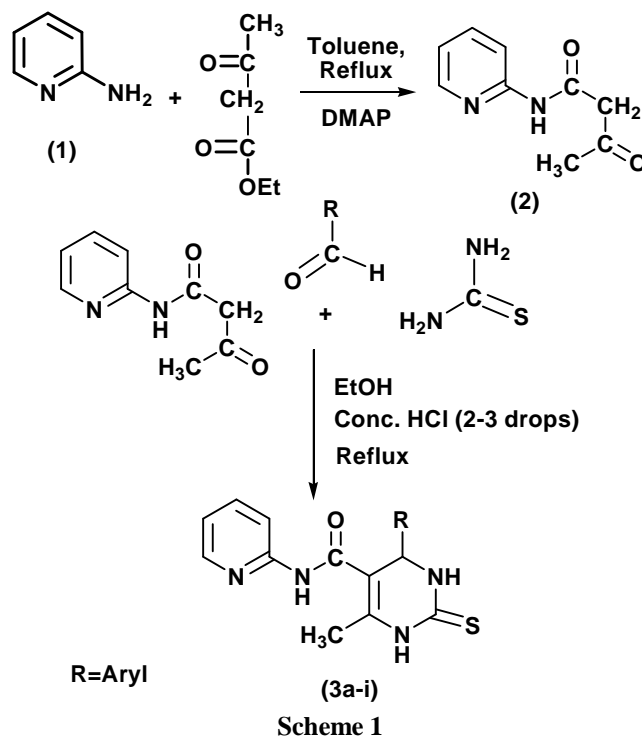
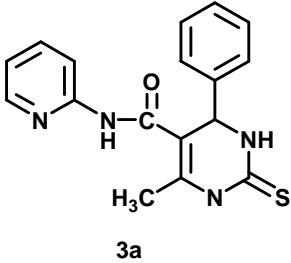
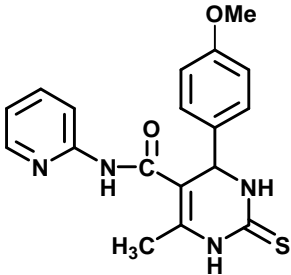
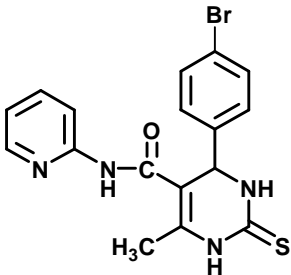
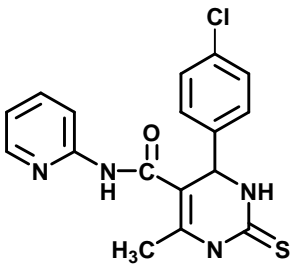
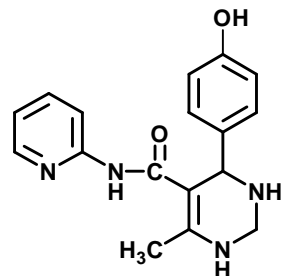
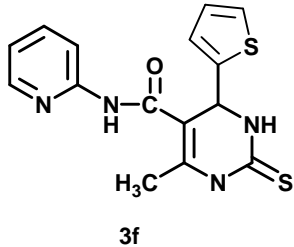
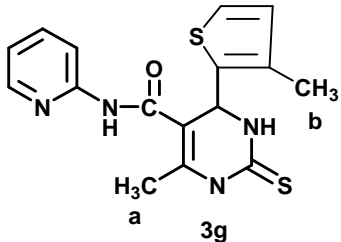
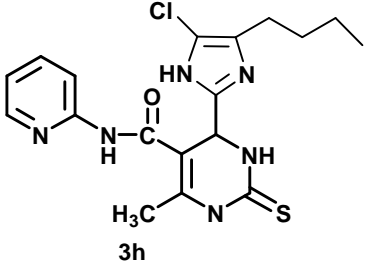
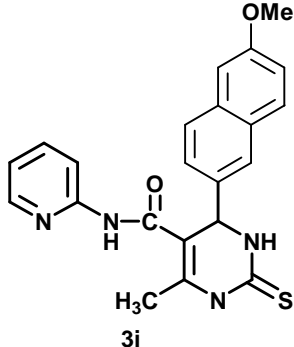


TABLE 1 : Physical & spectral data of 4-Aryl-5-(Carboxamido-N-Pyridin-2<sup>1</sup>-yl)-6-methyl-2-thioxo-1,3,5-Trihydro pyrimidines (3a-i)

Sr. No.	R	Product	NMR Data	IR Data	M.P. °C	Yield %
3a	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.10 (s, 3H-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.41 (s, 1H, -CH), 7.08-8.28 (m, 9H, Ar-H), 9.50 (s, 1H-CO-NH), 10.08 (s, 1H, NH), 10.15 (s, 1H, NH)	3265, 3177 (-NH-Stretching), 1678 (-C=O-stretching), 1650 (-C-N-stretching, pyrimidine)	253°C	75.0%
3b	4-OCH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.11 (s, 3H-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 3.71 (s, 3H, -OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.40 (s, 1H, -CH), 6.91-8.28 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 9.4 (s, 1H, CO-NH), 9.99 (s, 1H, NH), 10.21 (s, 1H, NH)	3250, 3189 (-NH stretching sec. amine, 1673 (C=O-stretching, amide), 1653 (C-N stretching, Pyrimidine).	243°C	72.0%
3c	4-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.09 (s, 3H, -CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.41 (s, 1H, CH), 7.04-8.28 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 9.50 (s, 1H-CO-NH), 10.10 (s, 1H, NH), 10.15 (s, 1H, NH)	3250, 3165 (-NH stretching, sec. amine, 1680 (C=O-stretching, amide), 1652 (C-N stretching, Pyrimidine).	238°C	65.0%
3d	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.10 (s, 3H, -CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.41 (s, 1H, -CH), 7.04-8.28 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 9.50 (s, 1H, CO-NH), 10.10 (s, 1H, NH), 10.15 (s, 1H, -NH)	3260, 3180 (-NH Stretching, sec. amine, 1680 (-C=O-stretching, amide), 1652 (C-N-stretching, pyrimidine)	245°C	78.0%
3e	4-OH-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.11 (s, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.45 (s, 1H-CH), 6.95-8.28 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 9.45 (s, 1H, OH), 9.52 (s, 1H, CO-NH), 10.10 (s, 1H, NH), 10.16 (s, 1H, NH)	3252, 3189 (-NH stretching sec. amine, 3302 (-OH stretching, Ar-OH), 1688 (-C=O-stretching amide), 1653 (C-N stretching, pyrimidine)	254°C	70.0%

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Sr. No.	R	Product	NMR Data	IR Data	M.P. °C	Yield %
3f	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>3</sub> S		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.10 (s, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.80 (s, 1H, CH), 6.70-8.28 (m, 7H, Ar-H), 9.51 (s, 1H, CO-NH), 10.13 (s, 1H, NH), 10.17 (s, 1H, NH)	3265, 3191 (-NH stretching, sec. amine), 1675 (C=O-stretching, amide), 1650 (C-N-stretching, pyrimidine)	240°C	62.0%
3g	3-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>2</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.10 (s, 3H, -CH <sub>3</sub> a), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> b), 5.80 (s, 1H, CH), 6.75-8.25 (m, 6H, Ar-H), 9.51 (s, 1H, CO-NH), 10.13 (s, 1H, NH), 10.17 (s, 1H, NH)	3230, 3180 (-NH-Stretching, Sec. Amine), 1677 (C=O-Stretching, amide), 1650 (C-N stretching, pyrimidine).	248°C	67.0%
3h	5-Cl-4-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -C <sub>3</sub> HN <sub>2</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 1.12 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 1.61 (q, 2H-CH <sub>2</sub> b), 1.93 (m, 2H-CH <sub>2</sub> b), 2.12 (s, 3H-CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.58 (t-2H, CH <sub>d</sub> ), 4.65 (s, 1H-CH), 7.1-8.28 (m-4H, Ar-H), 9.50 (s, 1H-CO-NH), 10.1 (s, 1H, NH), 10.15 (s, 1H, -NH)	3270, 3185 (-NH stretching sec. amine), 1678 (C=O-stretching, Amide), 1652 (C-N, Stretching, Pyrimidine)	226°C	71.0%
3i	6-OCH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>6</sub>		<sup>1</sup> H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ) : δ 2.10 (s, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 5.40 (s, 1H, CH), 7.01-8.25 (m, 10H, Ar-H), 9.50 (s, 1H, -CO-NH), 10.0 (s, 1H, NH), 10.11 (s, 1H, -NH)	3250, 3160 (-NH stretching, sec. amine), 1680 (C=O-stretching, amide), 1653 (C-N-stretching, pyrimidine).	232°C	79.0%

## EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points were determined on Buchi B-545 melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectrum was recorded in KBr on a Perkin Elmer spectrometer, <sup>1</sup>H NMR was recorded in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> using 300 MHz bruker spectrometer (Chemical shift in δppm) with TMS as internal standard. The TLC was performed on precoated silica gel sheets obtained from Merck & Co., Germany, which were visualizing using U.V. light and Iodine. The analytical Research Department of Ipca Labs. Ltd. (Kandivali, Mumbai) carried out all analytical work.

## Preparation of 3-Oxo-N-Pyridin-2-yl-butylamide (2)

A mixture of 2-amino pyridine (50gm, 0.531 mole), ethylacetoacetate (76gm, 0.584 mole) and N,N-Dimethylaminopyridine (5gm) in toluene (500ml) was heated under reflux condition for 15 hrs. Collect ethanol azeotropically by dean stark apparatus. The reaction was monitoring by TLC (solvent system: Ethyl acetate 100%) after completion of reaction, distilled out half of the toluene under vacuum. Cool the reaction mass at 5-10°C for 2-3 hrs to precipitate out the solid. The solid crystalline material was filtered and washes with cold toluene to give 2. Yield 86%, M.P 98°C.

IR(Cm<sup>-1</sup>) : 3189 (N-H Str.), 3054 (C-H Str. Ar-H), 2967, 2923 (C-H Str. Alkane), 1720, 1665 (C=O

Str.), 1615 (N-H, deformation).

**Preparation of 4-(4-methoxy phenyl)-5-(carboxamido-N-pyridin-2'-yl)-6-methyl-2-thioxo-1,3,5-trihydro pyrimidine (3b)**

A mixture of 3-oxo-N-pyridine-2-yl-butyramide (2gm, 0.011mole), Thiourea (0.74gm, 0.0123mole), p-methoxy Benzaldehyde (1.7gm, 0.0124 moles) and Conc. Hydrochloric acid (2-3 drops) was heated under reflux condition in ethanol (20ml) for 12 hrs. Reaction was monitoring by TLC (Solvent system: 20% methanol: 80% toluene). Reaction mass was kept in deep freezer for 10 hrs. Filter the yellow crystalline product. Yield 72%, M.P.243°C. The spectral data are outline in TABLE 1.

Similarly other compounds (3a-i) were prepared.

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